

ИМЕ, ПРЕЗИМЕ И ФАМИЛИЯ: .....

ПРОГРАМА: .....

FNo:.....

ДАТА: .....

Точки: 1.

2.

## ТЕСТ ПО АНГЛИЙСКИ ЕЗИК

### Равнище В 2.1

I. CHOOSE THE MOST SUITABLE SENTENCE FROM THE LIST (A–H) FOR EACH PART (1–6) OF THE ARTICLE. THERE IS ONE EXTRA HEADING WHICH YOU DO NOT NEED TO USE. THERE IS AN EXAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING (0).

- A) *You may think that working from your home is the ultimate freedom.*
- B) Get in the habit of turning off your computer at a reasonable hour.
- C) The more separation you create between your business area and the rest of your home, the better.
- D) Remember that above all else, your business is your business, and your family is your family.
- E) Keep yourself as organized as if you were working in a corporate office
- F) For many people, however, working from home can be both a relief and a headache at the same time.
- G) As part of keeping organized, do everything you can to keep food and drinks away from your desk!
- H) If a full time sitter is not an option, consider hiring a part-time sitter.

### KEYS TO ACHIEVING BALANCE BETWEEN YOUR HOME OFFICE AND YOUR FAMILY LIFE

(0) A You may get tingles down your spine at the mere thought of being able to work in your pyjamas, be with your children, and never deal with the morning commute again. Yes, working from your home can be all of these things and a whole lot more too.

(1) \_\_\_\_\_ Keeping a balance between your professional home life and your personal home life presents many challenges. Being close to your children, for example, can be a blessing but it can also spell disaster as you try to close an important deal over the phone just as one of them begins to cry or scream uncontrollably right next to you. It's a real challenge having a lot of work just inches away from where you are supposed to be enjoying quality time with your family.

So what can you do? How can you make your home business work while keeping your personal life intact? There are several areas that I consider paramount to running a successful home based business.

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ Try never to mix the two because that can easily lead to a toxic potion. When you are in business mode, be focused on your business. Try to keep your children out of your work area at all times. If that means having to hire a babysitter to occupy your children while you work, do it.

(3) \_\_\_\_\_ When the sitter is in, that's when you make your calls. Work your calling schedule around your babysitter as best you can, and make sure you save the most important calls for that quiet time.

(4) \_\_\_\_\_ If your home office has a door, close it. Cut off any temptation to go and do the dishes, laundry or whatever during your work time. Avoid those frequent mini-raids of the refrigerator during work time. These types of distractions will only help keep you in your office much longer than necessary.

(5) \_\_\_\_\_ Organization prevents contracts and other important documents from getting buried under piles of files, newspapers, or even last night's dinner! Just because you work from your home doesn't mean you are any less of a professional.... so act like one and treat important documents with respect.

(6) \_\_\_\_\_ Spills cost you many hours of work, and can even cost you thousands of dollars if they were to damage any of your delicate electronic equipment. My motto is simple: "Food stays in the kitchen, and paperwork stays in the office."

**12 points**

**II. READ THE TEXT BELOW AND DECIDE WHICH ANSWER (*a, b, c or d*) BEST FITS EACH SPACE. THEN WRITE THE CORRESPONDING LETTER IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. THERE IS AN EXAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING (0).**

### BARBIE HISTORY

Believe it or not, Barbie (0) a was a real person. Her name was Barbara (Barbie) Handler. In the early 1950's, Barbie's mother (1) her and her girlfriends play with adult female dolls. Her mother knew it was important for girls to (2) what it would be like to be grown up. Since most of the adult dolls at that time were paper or cardboard, Barbie's mother (3) to make a three-dimensional female adult doll. One that was lifelike enough to serve as an inspiration for little girls' dreams of the future. She took her ideas to the ad executives at the Mattel Corp., the company that she and Barbie's father had (4) in the garage many years before. The all male committee (5) the idea saying it would be too (6) and with little market appeal to the mass. She had gone on a trip to Europe and returned with a Lillie doll, modelled after a character in a German comic strip. She then spent lots of time designing a doll (Barbie) to (7) Lillie. The result was the Barbie Doll. Mattel finally agreed to back her (8) and Barbie debuted at the American Toy Fair in New York City in 1959. Girls went wild over her and set a new sales record for Mattel the very first year at 351,000 sold at \$3.00 each. Since then the Barbie Doll's popularity has rarely wavered and today, with (9) one billion of her look-alikes sold, the product line is one of the most successful in the history of the toy industry. After the toy fair, Mattel was so swamped with orders that it took several years for supply to catch up with (10) !

<b>0.</b>	<b><i>a. originally</i></b>	<b><i>b. firstly</i></b>	<b><i>c. ideally</i></b>	<b><i>d. primarily</i></b>
<b>1.</b>	<b>a. looked</b>	<b>b. watched</b>	<b>c. viewed</b>	<b>d. examined</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>a. imagine</b>	<b>b. invent</b>	<b>c. suppose</b>	<b>d. expect</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>a. solved</b>	<b>b. initiated</b>	<b>c. decided</b>	<b>d. confirmed</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>a. founded</b>	<b>b. found</b>	<b>c. realized</b>	<b>d. funded</b>
<b>5.</b>	<b>a. turned</b>	<b>b. denied</b>	<b>c. rejected</b>	<b>d. disapproved</b>
<b>6.</b>	<b>a. rich</b>	<b>b. priced</b>	<b>c. valuable</b>	<b>d. expensive</b>
<b>7.</b>	<b>a. resemble</b>	<b>b. look</b>	<b>c. seem</b>	<b>d. sample</b>
<b>8.</b>	<b>a. troubles</b>	<b>b. efforts</b>	<b>c. tries</b>	<b>d. worries</b>
<b>9.</b>	<b>a. more</b>	<b>b. over</b>	<b>c. above</b>	<b>d. up</b>
<b>10.</b>	<b>a. offer</b>	<b>b. search</b>	<b>c. request</b>	<b>d. demand</b>

**10 points**

*III. READ THE TEXT BELOW. USE THE WORD GIVEN IN CAPITALS AT THE END OF EACH LINE TO FORM A WORD THAT FITS IN THE SPACE IN THE SAME LINE. THERE IS AN EXAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING (0).*

### **COMPUTER GENERATION**

Computers are (0) <u>RESHAPING</u> children's lives, at home and	<b>SHAPE</b>
at school, in totally (1) _____ ways.	EXPECT
Common sense suggests that we consider both the (2) _____, as well as the beneficial aspects of these changes.	HARM
Computers can (3) _____ damage children's health. The health	SERIOUS
hazards include obesity, permanent (4) _____ to the back muscles,	INJURE
eyestrain, social (5) _____, and, for some, long-term damage to	ISOLATE
physical, emotional, or intellectual (6) _____.	DEVELOP
What is (7) _____ for adults and older students is often inappropriate	SUIT
for youngsters. Too often, what computers actually connect children to	
is (8) _____ advertising and silly games.	AGGRESSION
This can cut children off, (9) _____ and physically, from the	EMOTION
world of (10) _____.	REAL

**10 points**

*IV. READ THE TEXT BELOW AND THINK OF THE WORD WHICH BEST FITS EACH SPACE. USE ONLY ONE WORD IN EACH SPACE. THERE IS AN EXAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING (0).*

### **FEAR OF FLYING**

Most people have a fear (0) of heights. This is a reasonable survival trait! However, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ coupled with extreme media coverage of disasters, this can lead to a very debilitating fear of flying. Furthermore, for many people, not having any control of the plane makes (2) \_\_\_\_\_ fear worse. It is not unlike how one usually worries more as a passenger in a car than (3) \_\_\_\_\_ a driver of a car.

This is not necessarily a *rational* fear, if we looked (4) \_\_\_\_\_ it in the context of all possible hazards. There are far fewer fatalities per airline passenger-mile (5) \_\_\_\_\_ there are per automobile driver-mile.

Personally, I lost all fear of flying after living close to an airport for a (6) \_\_\_\_\_ years. The airplanes kept going up and they kept landing. Over and over and over again, hundreds of times (7)

\_\_\_\_\_ day. And never once did a plane crash at that airport. This made (8) \_\_\_\_\_ understand very clearly just how safe air travel is.

If all this logic doesn't help you, join (9) \_\_\_\_\_ club of thousands and do what they (10) \_\_\_\_\_: get drunk before you get on the plane!

**10 points**

**V. YOU ARE GOING TO READ AN ARTICLE ABOUT A BULIMIC GIRL. AFTER READING THE TEXT CAREFULLY, DO THE TASKS THAT FOLLOW.**

**GROWING UP BULIMIC: ALLEGRA'S STORY**

(1) I remember standing in front of the mirror as a small five-year-old child, thinking that I was far too heavy. I started to diet when I was six. I would eat nothing but fruit for several days, and then I would become "weak" and eat. **My mother was dealing with her own eating issues at the time** and decided that not allowing food with fat to be in the house was the way to go. She also decided that locking the kitchen cabinets was healthy. I missed having food around that I liked, so whenever I was at school or at a friend's house I would eat lots of ice cream or chips or sweets because I thought that if I ate enough of it I wouldn't want to have any more when I returned home. But then I would remember that my mother didn't want me to be fat, and I would make myself throw up.

(2) By the time that I was ten I was clinically bulimic. I was purging at least a few times a day and was physically and emotionally exhausted. Soon, I turned to anorexia. I became fully anorexic at 12 years old and decided that at 5'7" and 130 pounds I was far too fat. From the ages of 12 to 14 I grew two inches and lost a good deal of weight.

(3) My body was shutting down. I was losing my hair, my fingers and toes would turn blue, I was cold all of the time, whenever I stood up I would feel like I was going to pass out, and worst of all I felt so isolated and alone all of the time. The body cannot survive for very long on a complete starvation diet. So I turned back to bulimia.

(4) I am 18 now, and I'm still battling these eating disorders. I'm not as sick as I was about two years ago when I was purging 15+ times a day, but I'm far from healthy. I have been hospitalized twice and have had little improvement.

(5) The worst part of the eating disorder is not the physical aspect, which is HORRIBLE and can kill anyone at any time, but the mental aspect. It's hard to wake up every morning and be afraid of looking in the mirror. It's hard to stay home on Friday nights when your friends are going to parties, because I feel too fat to go. It's hard to keep up with school work when I go home every day and feel like I have to go downstairs and run on the treadmill for hours. It's hard to want to avoid eating in front of anyone because I'm afraid that they will judge me on what I'm eating. It's just hard.

**A. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER (a, b, c or d) AND CIRCLE IT.**

1. Allegra's mother:

- a. thought her daughter was not eating enough.
- b. banned fatty food from home.
- c. didn't allow Allegra to keep food in the kitchen cabinets.
- d. encouraged Allegra to eat fruit.

2. When she was 12:

- a. she believed she was too fat for her size.
- b. she looked older and fatter than most.
- c. she decided to stop loosing weight.
- d. she had to be hospitalized.

- 3.** Allegra doesn't go out much because:
- her friends don't invite her to parties.
  - she feels she has to do exercises.
  - she doesn't like when others watch her eat.
  - she hates getting up in the morning.

**3 points**

**B. WRITE THE ANSWER:**

1. What does Allegra mean when she says "*My mother was dealing with her own eating issues at the time*" (paragraph 1)? Explain in your own words:

- 
2. How does she assess her condition now?
- 

**2 points**

**C. FIND A WORD THAT MATCHES THE DEFINITION IN THE FIRST COLUMN AND WRITE IT IN THE SECOND COLUMN. THERE IS AN EXAMPLE AT THE BEGINNING(0).**

<b>0. problems (noun, paragraph 1)</b>	<b>issues</b>
1. cupboards (noun, paragraph 1)	
2. vomiting (verb, paragraph 2)	
3. not functioning (phrasal verb, paragraph 3)	
4. suffering caused by lack of food (noun, paragraph 3)	
5. fighting, dealing with (verb, paragraph 4)	
6. related to the mind (adjective, paragraph 5)	
7. form a critical opinion (verb, paragraph 5)	

**7 points**

**VI. WRITE AN ESSAY OF 150 – 200 WORDS (3 – 5 PARAGRAPHS) ON ONE OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS:**

1. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of package holidays.
2. People should sometimes do things that they do not enjoy doing. Express your opinion. Use specific reasons and examples to support your answer.

**15 points**

**PLEASE, WRITE YOUR ESSAY ON THE NEXT PAGE !!!**



KEY B2.1 Вариант 5

**LISTENING:**

1=F	9=B;
2=F	10=C;
3=T	11=A;
4=T	12=A;
5=F	13=B;
6=F	14=B;
7=T	15=A
8=F	

**I. EXTRA: B**

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| (1) F | (4) C |
| (2) D | (5) E |
| (3) H | (6) G |

**II.**

<b>1.</b>		<b>b.</b> watched		
<b>2.</b>	<b>a.</b> imagine			
<b>3.</b>			<b>c.</b> decided	
<b>4.</b>	<b>a.</b> founded			
<b>5.</b>			<b>c.</b> rejected	
<b>6.</b>				<b>d.</b> expensive
<b>7.</b>	<b>a.</b> resemble			
<b>8.</b>		<b>b.</b> efforts		
<b>9.</b>		<b>b.</b> over		
<b>10.</b>				<b>d.</b> demand

**III.**

- |                     |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| (1) UNEXPECTED      | (6) DEVELOPMENT |
| (2) HARMFUL         | (7) SUITABLE    |
| (3) SERIOUSLY       | (8) AGGRESSIVE  |
| (4) INJURY/INJURIES | (9) EMOTIONALLY |
| (5) ISOLATION       | (10) REALITY    |

**IV.**

- (1) IF/WHEN (2) THEIR/THE (3) AS (4) AT (5) THAN (6) FEW (7) A/PER/**EVERY** (8) ME (9) THE (10) DO/**SAY**

**V. A.** **1. B.** banned fatty food from home.

- 2. A.** she believed she was too fat for her size.  
**3. C.** she doesn't like when others watch her eat.

- B.** 1. She had her own problems with her weight and diet  
 2. She's far from healthy/ has had little improvement

<b>1.</b>	cabinets
<b>2.</b>	purgging
<b>3.</b>	shutting down
<b>4.</b>	starvation

5.	struggling
6.	mental
7.	judge